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<p>What is the central focus of Fletcher's Situation Ethics?</p>	<p>Agape love — unconditional, selfless love that seeks the best for others.</p>
<p>Name Fletcher's six fundamental propositions.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Only love is intrinsically good. 2. Love replaces all laws. 3. Love and justice are the same. 4. Love wills the neighbour's good. 5. Love justifies the means. 6. Love decides situationally.
<p>What is the origin of the concept of agape?</p>	<p>Agape originates in the New Testament and is central to Jesus' teachings, such as loving one's neighbour.</p>
<p>Define pragmatism in Situation Ethics.</p>	<p>Pragmatism means decisions must work in practical terms, focusing on outcomes rather than theory.</p>

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How does relativism function in Situation Ethics?

Relativism makes Christian moral laws flexible, applying them relative to each unique situation.

What is positivism in Situation Ethics?

Positivism begins with a commitment to the belief in the importance and reality of love.

What does personalism mean in Situation Ethics?

Personalism places people at the centre of ethical decisions, prioritising their well-being over rules.

How does Fletcher describe conscience?

Fletcher describes conscience as a verb — the act of decision-making, not a fixed set of rules.

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What is the relationship between love and justice in Situation Ethics?

Love and justice are the same; justice is love distributed fairly to all people.

Does Situation Ethics reject absolute moral rules?

Yes, it rejects absolute rules, focusing instead on love as the guiding principle in each situation.

What is the ultimate goal of any action in Situation Ethics?

The ultimate goal is to achieve the most loving outcome, even if it requires breaking traditional rules.

How does Situation Ethics approach moral decision-making?

It considers each situation individually and applies the principle of love to guide decisions.

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What does Fletcher mean by "love justifies the means"?

If the outcome is the most loving result, any method used to achieve it is justified.

What is meant by "love wills the neighbour's good"?

Love seeks the best for others, regardless of personal feelings or whether they are liked.

What are the four working principles of Situation Ethics?

Pragmatism, relativism, positivism, and personalism.

What is a criticism of Situation Ethics?

It can lead to subjective and individualistic decisions, lacking clear moral guidelines.

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How does agape differ from other forms of love?

Agape is unconditional and selfless, focused on the well-being of others without expecting anything in return.

What role does experience play in Situation Ethics?

It emphasises practical experience over theoretical or dogmatic approaches.

How might agape be applied in a moral dilemma?

By determining the course of action that best promotes selfless love and the well-being of all involved.