

Front	Back
<p>What was the Treaty of Versailles?</p>	<p>A peace treaty that ended World War I and imposed harsh conditions on Germany, including territorial losses, military restrictions, and reparations payments.</p>
<p>What were Hitler's aims in foreign policy?</p>	<p>To overturn the Treaty of Versailles, expand German territory (Lebensraum), and unite all German-speaking people under one Reich.</p>
<p>What happened during the Rhineland Crisis of 1936?</p>	<p>Hitler remilitarised the Rhineland in violation of the Treaty of Versailles and the Locarno Pact; France and Britain failed to act.</p>
<p>What was the Anschluss?</p>	<p>The union of Germany and Austria in 1938, achieved through political pressure and annexation, violating the Treaty of Versailles.</p>

Front

Back

What role did the Spanish Civil War play in international relations?

It became a testing ground for German and Italian military tactics, and deepened divisions between fascist and democratic states.

Why did Italy invade Albania in 1939?

To assert Mussolini's ambitions for an Italian empire and to counter Germany's growing influence in Europe.

What was the Nazi-Soviet Pact?

A non-aggression pact between Germany and the Soviet Union in 1939, including a secret agreement to divide Poland between them.

What sparked the outbreak of World War II in Europe?

Germany's invasion of Poland on 1 September 1939 led Britain and France to declare war on Germany on 3 September 1939.

Front

Back

How did Japan's actions in China contribute to global tensions?

Japan's invasion of Manchuria in 1931 and the Second Sino-Japanese War in 1937 escalated tensions and highlighted the weakness of the League of Nations.

What was appeasement?

A policy adopted by Britain and France in the 1930s to avoid war by making concessions to aggressive powers like Germany and Italy.

What was the Sudeten Crisis?

A conflict in 1938 over Germany's demand for the Sudetenland, a region of Czechoslovakia, which was resolved through the Munich Agreement.

What was the Munich Agreement?

An agreement in 1938 allowing Germany to annex the Sudetenland, which was seen as a failed attempt to appease Hitler and avoid war.

Front

Back

What was the reaction of Italy to the outbreak of World War II?

Italy initially remained non-belligerent in 1939 but joined the war on Germany's side in 1940, seeking territorial gains.

How did alliances among aggressor nations shape events leading to World War II?

The Axis Powers (Germany, Italy, and Japan) formed alliances to strengthen their positions and coordinate aggression against other nations.

What was the significance of the Nazi-Soviet Pact?

It allowed Germany to invade Poland without fear of Soviet intervention, directly leading to the outbreak of World War II.

Why did Japan attack Pearl Harbour?

To disable the US Pacific Fleet and ensure Japanese dominance in the Pacific, prompting the United States to enter World War II.

Front

Back

What was the reaction of the USA to the attack on Pearl Harbour?

The USA declared war on Japan on 8 December 1941, officially entering World War II.

How did the Soviet Union enter World War II?

The Soviet Union entered the war in June 1941 after Germany violated the Nazi-Soviet Pact by invading the USSR in Operation Barbarossa.